

Sustainability Standards for Suppliers

Introduction

Awareness of the importance of sustainable development and the need for integrated action in the environmental, social and ethical areas is growing worldwide. BURY Group's goal is to run a sustainable business throughout the supply chain globally. To achieve this goal, it is essential that our business partners follow this path with us. Therefore, we ask our suppliers to share the principles of this document and to require their business partners to do the same.

This document outlines BURY Group's updated requirements for suppliers, grounded in globally recognized frameworks such as the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. We also take into account the Responsible Supply Chain Initiative (RSCI) launched by the German Association of the Automotive Industry (VDA), which reflects industry-specific needs in automotive sustainability.

Moreover, in light of current regulations, such as the European Union's Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), cooperation with suppliers regarding transparency and sustainable reporting is essential. CSRD introduces the obligation to report on ESG (environment, society, and corporate governance) and requires us to provide reliable data that supports our sustainability goals. Therefore, our suppliers are obliged to collect and share key performance indicators (KPIs) that align with international reporting standards, such as CSRD.

Our goal is to foster a sustainable, responsible and ethical supply chain that adheres to these international standards. This ensures that our collective efforts contribute to a more sustainable future in the automotive industry.

The contents of this document is an integral part of our "General Terms And Conditions Of Purchase of Bury Group" (available at bury.com/en/company/suppliers).

Approved by the Management Board.



I. Environmental

1. Management	Suppliers should obtain ISO 14001 Environmental management certificate. Additionally					
system	Suppliers which obtain ISO 50001 Energy management system are preferred.					
2. Responsibility for	Suppliers have to follow the precautionary principles, take initiatives to support greater					
environment	environmental responsibility and foster development and dissemination of cleaner technologies					
	in order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and strive for carbon neutrality as early as					
	possible.					
3. Environmentally	At all stages of production optimum protection of the environment must be guaranteed.					
friendly manufacturing	Proactive attitude aimed at eliminating or minimizing the consequences of accidents that can					
manuracturing	have a negative impact on the environment is understood here. Particular importance is					
	attributed to the use and development of technologies and taking actions that:					
	- reduce water and electricity consumption in own operations and supply chain,					
	- minimize air pollution,					
	 minimize waste and allow to implement sustainable resources management, reduce organization's carbon footprint, 					
	- incorporate reuse and recycling and support circular economy,					
	- introduces innovative solutions that contribute to environmental benefits,					
	- reduce emission of noise,					
	- protect biodiversity by preventing habitat degradation, minimizing impacts on ecosystems, and					
	supporting the conservation of endangered species and local wildlife (by integrating biodiversity					
	considerations into production processes, suppliers contribute to preserving natural ecosystems					
	and ensuring long-term environmental sustainability).					
4. Environmentally	Suppliers products must comply with environmental standards, adopted for a given market					
friendly products	segment and laws. This applies to both complete product life cycle, as well as the materials					
	used. Chemicals and other materials which may threaten the environment as a result of the					
	release must be clearly identified. The management of hazardous materials is especially created					
	so they are used, transported, stored, recovered, reused and disposed of on the basis of					
	appropriate procedures.					
	Suppliers need to take measures to reduce CO ₂ emissions in their direct operations, as well as					
	at n-tier suppliers, what translates into a final product's carbon footprint (CF) or life cycle					
r Emourary	assessment (LCA).					
5. Energy management	Suppliers should follow a systematic approach in achieving improvement of energy performance and efficiency in order to continually reduce their energy use and consumption and therefore					
management	their energy costs and their greenhouse gases emissions, with particular focus on increase of					
	renewable energy sources.					
6. Circular Economy	Suppliers must adopt and promote principles of the circular economy. This involves reducing					
	waste, reusing materials, and recycling resources wherever possible. The focus should be on					
	minimizing environmental impact by maximizing resource efficiency and designing products and					
	processes that support closed-loop systems. Efficient use of water, raw materials, and other					
	resources is crucial. Suppliers should prioritize sustainable sourcing and ensure that natural					
	resources are used responsibly.					
7. Reporting	Suppliers are encouraged to report their environmental performance using internationally					
	recognized ESG reporting frameworks such as GRI, CDP, or other suitable standards relevant to					
	their operations. These reports should include key performance indicators (KPIs) related to					
	greenhouse gas emissions, energy consumption, resource management, and biodiversity					
	impact, as well as progress towards sustainability objectives. Even if not formally required by					
	specific regulations such as the CSRD, suppliers are expected to provide sufficient data to					
	support our environmental targets and reporting needs.					



II. Social

1. Management system	Suppliers should obtain ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety management certificate.				
2. Health and safety at	Suppliers as employers guarantee security and health protection at the workplace, at least				
workplace	in range of national provisions in force and supports constant development in order to				
	improve the working conditions at the same time. Suppliers are required to implement fire				
	safety and evacuation procedures that will ensure the protection of employees in				
	emergency situations. Furthermore, the management of chemical and hazardous substances must be carried out in accordance with best practices and applicable regulations				
	to minimize risks to the health and safety of employees.				
3. Respect of human	Suppliers are obliged to respect the internationally approved human rights. In regards with all				
rights	business actions taken in range of their influence, suppliers are to be concerned about not being				
	involved in actions of violating human rights or by themselves, their business partners o				
	subcontractors.				
	An elementary human right is the right to land and natural resources, water, forests, etc.,				
	especially in the context of indigenous peoples. Suppliers should ensure that these rights are				
	respected. Forced displacement is not acceptable. In the case of possible land issues, measures				
	will be taken to guarantee the participation of indigenous peoples in the decision-making process regarding the land they live on and the natural resources therein.				
4. Freedom of choice of	Forced or compulsory labour is not allowed. Employees must be free to terminate the				
employment	employment contract in accordance with the relevant terms of notice.				
5. Prohibition of child	It is not allowed, at any stage of production or treatment, to use child labour. Suppliers are				
labour	obliged to respect at least the conventions of the International Labour Organization related to				
	the minimal age of an employee and the prohibition of child labour. Child growth cannot be in				
	no way restrained. Their safety and health cannot be endangered.				
6. Equal ,	Suppliers are obliged to provide equal opportunities regarding employment and to eliminate				
opportunities/ prohibition of	any signs of discrimination. Discrimination of employees cannot take place e.g. because of				
discrimination	their origin, nationality, skin colour, religion, outlook, political and association activities, gender, orientation, disability, sickness or pregnancy. Suppliers are also expected to respect the rights of				
	minorities and indigenous peoples.				
7. Freedom of association	Suppliers must guarantee freedom of association and effective recognition of the right for				
and the right of	collective bargaining. It needs to be guaranteed, that the employees can openly communicate				
collective bargaining	with the management of the company about work conditions without fear of consequences.				
	Employees' freedom of association, joining the union, appointing representatives and being				
	appointed is respected.				
8. Justice in terms of pay,	Salary and social security benefits must comply with the fundamental principles connected				
working hours and social benefits.	to minimum wage, the applicable regulations related to overtime and social benefits dictated by a regulation work time and holiday/ off-time must correspond to at least				
Jocial Delicites	provisions in force, industry standards or appropriate conventions of the International				
	Labour Organization, depending on which regulation is more severe.				
9. Privacy and data	When collecting, storing, processing or transferring personal data (e.g. name, address,				
protection	telephone number, date of birth, health information) relating to employees, customers or				
	other third parties, Suppliers must take great care and maintain strict confidentiality, while				
	also observing applicable laws and rules.				
10. Private or Public	Personnel involved in providing security services to supplier operations should respect				
Security Forces	human rights, be properly trained and relate respectfully to people in order not to cause				
	violations.				



III. Governance (Ethical)

	eying laws	Suppliers are obliged to abandon all forms of fraud or dishonesty, crime of bad management leading to bankruptcy, corruption, guaranteeing benefits, passive or active corruption. Suppliers are obliged to obey the laws and regulations applicable with respect to themselves or commercial relationship with BURY.
	r competition	Suppliers are required to obey rules protecting and supporting competition especially antitrust rules, adhere to the principles of fair competition and a ban on agreements with competitors and the implementation of other actions that violate the principles of the free market.
inte	oiding conflicts of erest	In dealing with business partners Suppliers are required to make decisions solely on the basis of rational arguments and cannot be convinced because of the private or financial interests of the individual.
bus	nfidentiality of Siness	Suppliers undertake to treat information from business partners, in particular of organizational, commercial and technical nature, which they have come to know as a result of commercial relations as confidential and not to disclose it to third parties.
	ellectual property	Suppliers are obliged to obey third party intellectual property rights and protect information and personal data of their clients.
	ponsibility	Suppliers should maintain their company's records in a responsible manner. This applies to business records, including but not limited to, financial accounts, quality reports, time records, expense reports.
info	closure of ormation	Suppliers should disclose financial and non-financial and non – financial information in accordance with applicable law and regulatory requirements.
	evance chanism	Suppliers are expected to provide all employees, contractors, and other stakeholders with accessible, safe, and anonymous channels for reporting concerns related to environmental, legal, and ethical violations, without fear of retaliation. Suppliers are also expected to take action to prevent, detect, and correct any retaliatory actions.
9. Cor	nflict Minerals	Bury is committed to responsible sourcing of minerals in our global supply chain. We look forward to working with our global supply chain partners to determine the origin of any conflict minerals they may supply to us. Suppliers using the so-called 3TG conflict minerals: tin, tantalum and tungsten, their ores and gold as well as cobalt and mica from conflict—affected and high—risk areas (CAHRAs) must fulfil 'supply chain due diligence' obligations, according to "OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict—Affected and High—Risk Areas". Suppliers should exclude smelters for those raw materials that do not have an adequate and audited due diligence process and provide us in a timely manner with the required compliance reports CMRT (Conflict Minerals Reporting Template) and EMRT (Extended Minerals Reporting Template).
	port controls and pnomic sanctions	Economic sanctions and export controls may restrict or prohibit business dealings with specified individuals, entities or countries. They can also restrict or prohibit the export or import of certain goods or services. We expect our Suppliers to comply with all applicable sanctions and export controls.
	unterfeit parts	Suppliers should also build a counterfeit—aware culture. This requires training the team, vetting sub-suppliers, working with reliable partners and investing in technology to help detect where counterfeit goods are being sold.
	pply Chain nagement	Suppliers should commit to ensuring that their own supply chain also adheres to the environmental, social and ethical standards outlined in this document. Suppliers must implement oversight mechanisms for their subcontractors and subsuppliers to guarantee that sustainability principles are applied at all stages of the supply chain.



Sustainability grievance mechanism for BURY Suppliers:

In case Supplier believes that any of the above principles have been violated by BURY Group or in relation to its operations, BURY Group provides a mechanism for submitting grievances. Suppliers can report concerns without fear of retaliation, ensuring a safe and open communication process.

You can submit complaints on our website: https://www.bury.com/sygnalista/



Document history:

Rev.	Description of changes in the document	Editor	Date
Α	Document registered as FHB156. Requirements on ISO14001, ISO45001,	K. Wesołowski	28.10.2021
	ISO50001 management systems added. Point II - 5 Energy Management added.		
В	Point I – extension of the content in the subsections 3,6, new subsection 10;	A. Węgrzyn	29.03.2023
	Point II – extension of the content in the subsections 2,3,4;		
	Point III – new subsections: 6, 7, 8, 9,10,11;		
	Adding the mechanism of Bury suppliers complaints;		
С	Introduction modified and extended with RSCI, ESG, CSRD referenced.	A. Węgrzyn	09.10.2024
	Change of the reporting channel for complaints in the sustainability grievance.		
	Item 'Health and safety at workplace' – extended.		
	Items 'Circular Economy, 'Reporting', Supply Chain Management' – added. Item 'Environmentally friendly manufacturing' – extended.		
	Other minor extensions.		